# Resistance thermometer for flue gas temperature measurements With thermowell model TW81 **Model TR81**

WIKA data sheet TE 60.81













for further approvals see page 2

## **Applications**

- Blast furnaces, hot blast stoves
- Annealing and heat treatment processes
- Waste and hazardous waste incineration
- Large heating systems, heat generation

## Special features

- Application ranges up to +600 °C [+1,112 °F]
- Thermowell from heat-resistant steel
- Measuring insert replaceable
- Gas-tight process connection (option)

## **Description**

These straight resistance thermometers consist of a form B connection head, a measuring insert in accordance with DIN 43735 and a model TW81 thermowell. In addition to DIN form A or C thermowells, customer-specific versions are possible.

Possible process connections are stop flange or threaded bushing - the latter can realise a gas-tight connection.

These thermometers are suitable for gaseous media in the low pressure range (up to approx. 1 bar). Different thermowell materials, with or without enamelling, ensure matching to the respective thermal load.

Measuring insert is replaceable. This enables inspection, measuring equipment monitoring or, when servicing is necessary, replacement while the plant is running. The choice of standard lengths assists with short delivery times and the possibility of stocking spare parts.



Resistance thermometer for flue gas temperature measurements, model TR81

Thermowell material, connection head and sensor can each be selected to suit the respective application.

Optionally, a transmitter can be built in. Among the advantages of a built-in transmitter is an increased reliability of the signal transmission.

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# **Explosion protection (option)**

The permissible power,  $P_{max}$ , as well as the permissible ambient temperature, for the respective category can be seen on the EC-type examination certificate and the certificate for hazardous areas or the operating instructions.

#### Attention:

Only with the correspondingly suitable protective components is operation in dust Ex hazardous areas permissible.

Built-in transmitters have their own EC-type examination certificate. The permissible ambient temperature ranges of the built-in transmitters can be taken from the corresponding transmitter approval.

# **Approvals (explosion protection, further approvals)**

Logo	Description	Country
CE	EU declaration of conformity  ■ EMC directive ¹)  EN 61326 emission (group 1, class B) and immunity (industrial application)	European Union
Œx	■ RoHS directive  ATEX directive (option) Hazardous areas - Ex i Zone 0 gas	
IEC IEĈEX	IECEx (option) - in conjunction with ATEX  Hazardous areas  - Ex i Zone 0 gas [Ex ia IIC T1 T6 Ga] Zone 1 mounting to zone 0 gas [Ex ia IIC T1 T6 Ga/Gb] Zone 1 gas [Ex ia IIC T1 T6 Gb] Zone 20 dust [Ex ia IIC T1 T6 Gb] Zone 21 mounting to zone 20 dust [Ex ia IIIC T125 T65 °C Da] Zone 21 dust [Ex ia IIIC T125 T65 °C Db]	International
ERCEx	EAC (option)         Hazardous areas         - Ex i       Zone 0 gas       [0 Ex ia IIC T6 T1 Ga X]         Zone 1 gas       [1 Ex ia IIC T6 T1 Gb X]         Zone 20 dust       [Ex ia IIIC T80 T440 °C Da X]         Zone 21 dust       [Ex ia IIIC T80 T440 °C Db X]         - Ex n       Zone 2 gas	Eurasian Economic Community
мметно	INMETRO (option)  Hazardous areas  - Ex i Zone 0 gas [Ex ia IIC T3 T6 Ga] Zone 1 mounting to zone 0 gas [Ex ia IIC T3 T6 Ga/Gb] Zone 1 gas [Ex ia IIC T3 T6 Gb] Zone 20 dust [Ex ia IIIC T125 T65 °C Da] Zone 21 mounting to zone 20 dust [Ex ia IIIC T125 T65 °C Da/Db] Zone 21 dust [Ex ia IIIC T125 T65 °C Db]	Brazil

<sup>1)</sup> Only for built-in transmitter

Logo	Description		Country
EX MEPSI	NEPSI (option) Hazardous areas - Ex i Zone 0 gas Zone 1 mounting to zone 0 gas Zone 1 gas	[Ex ia IIC T1 ~ T6 Ga] [Ex ia IIC T1 ~ T6 Ga/Gb] [Ex ia IIC T1 ~ T6 Gb]	China
<b>E</b> s	KCs - KOSHA (option) Hazardous areas - Ex i Zone 0 gas Zone 1 gas	[Ex ia IIC T4 T6] [Ex ib IIC T4 T6]	South Korea
-	PESO (option) Hazardous areas - Ex i Zone 0 gas Zone 1 mounting to zone 0 gas Zone 1 gas	[Ex ia IIC T1 T6 Ga] [Ex ia IIC T1 T6 Ga/Gb] [Ex ia IIC T1 T6 Gb]	India
	DNOP - MakNII (option)  Hazardous areas - Ex i Zone 0 gas  Zone 1 mounting to zone 0 gas  Zone 1 gas  Zone 20 dust  Zone 21 mounting to zone 20 dust  Zone 21 dust	[II 1G Ex ia IIC T3 T6 Ga] [II 1/2G Ex ia IIC T3 T6 Ga/Gb] [II 2G Ex ia IIC T3 T6 Gb] [II 1D Ex ia IIIC T125 T65 °C Da] [II 1/2D Ex ia IIIC T125 T65 °C Da/Db] [II 2D Ex ia IIIC T125 T65 °C Db]	Ukraine
©	GOST (option) Metrology, measurement technology		Russia
6	KazInMetr (option) Metrology, measurement technology		Kazakhstan
-	MTSCHS (option) Permission for commissioning		Kazakhstan
<b>(</b>	BelGIM (option) Metrology, measurement technology		Belarus
•	UkrSEPRO (option) Metrology, measurement technology		Ukraine
	Uzstandard (option) Metrology, measurement technology		Uzbekistan

# Manufacturer's information and certificates

Logo	Description
SIL	SIL 2 Functional safety (only in conjunction with model T32 temperature transmitter)
NAMUR	NAMUR NE24 Hazardous areas (Ex i)

Instruments marked with "ia" may also be used in areas only requiring instruments marked with "ib" or "ic".

If an instrument with "ia" marking has been used in an area with requirements in accordance with "ib" or "ic", it can no longer be operated in areas with requirements in accordance with "ia" afterwards.

Approvals and certificates, see website

## Sensor

#### **Measuring element**

Pt100 (measuring current: 0.1 ... 1.0 mA) 1)

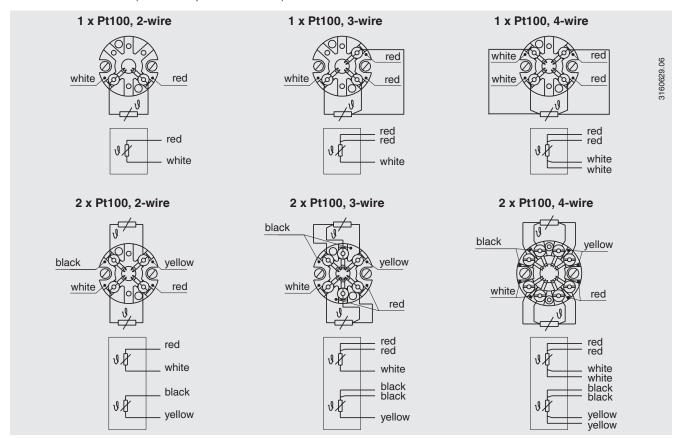
Connection method				
Single elements	1 x 2-wire 1 x 3-wire 1 x 4-wire			
Dual elements	2 x 2-wire 2 x 3-wire 2 x 4-wire <sup>2)</sup>			

Accuracy class / Range of use of the sensor per EN 60751				
Class	Sensor construction			
	Wire-wound	Thin-film		
Class B	-196 +600 °C	-50 +500 °C		
Class A 3)	-100 +450 °C	-30 +300 °C		
Class AA 3)	-50 +250 °C	0 150 °C		

- 1) For detailed specifications for Pt100 sensors, see Technical information IN 00.17 at www.wika.com.
- 2) Not with 3 mm diameter
- 3) Not with 2-wire connection method

The table shows the temperature ranges listed in the respective standards, in which the tolerance values (class accuracies) are valid.

#### Electrical connection (colour code per IEC/EN 60751)



For the electrical connections of built-in temperature transmitters see the corresponding data sheets or operating instructions.

## Measuring insert

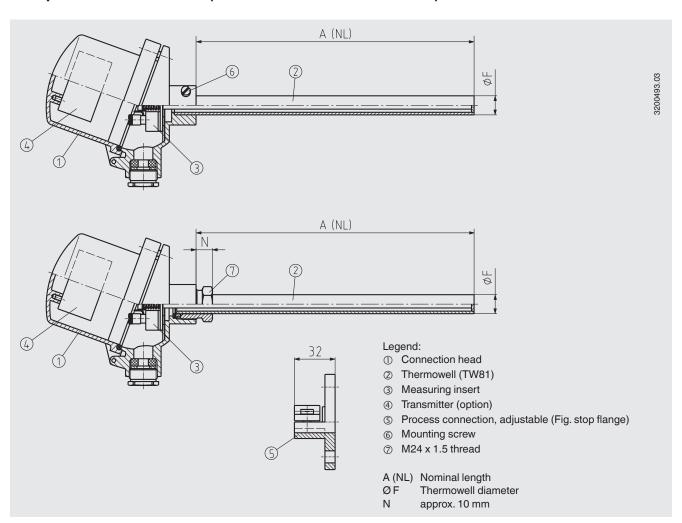
The measuring insert is made of a vibration-resistant, sheathed measuring cable (MI cable).

Using two screws and springs, the measuring insert can be mounted into a connection head (form B), replaceable and mounted spring-loaded.

When fitting the measuring insert into a thermowell, it is very important to determine the correct insertion length (= thermowell length for bottom thicknesses of  $\leq 5.5$  mm). In order to ensure that the measuring insert is firmly pressed down onto the bottom of the thermowell, the insert must be spring-loaded (spring travel: max. 10 mm).

The standard material used for the measuring insert sheath is stainless steel. Other materials on request.

# Components model TR81 (with thermowell model TW81)



## **Connection head**





**BSZ** 



**BSZ-H** 







BSZ

Model		Cable entry thread size	Ingress protection 1)	Сар	Surface
BS	Aluminium	M20 x 1.5	IP53, IP65	Cap with 2 screws	Blue, lacquered 2)
BSZ	Aluminium	M20 x 1.5	IP53, IP65	Hinged cover with cylinder head screw	Blue, lacquered 2)
BSZ-H	Aluminium	M20 x 1.5	IP53, IP65	Hinged cover with cylinder head screw	Blue, lacquered 2)

<sup>1)</sup> IP53: Lateral mounting screws IP65: M24 x 1.5 thread

# **Transmitter (option)**

The transmitter can be mounted directly into the thermometer. Attention must be paid to the permissible ambient temperature of the transmitter in accordance with the data sheet. We recommend installing the transmitter in the cover of a model BSZ-H connection head. Here, the sensor is connected indirectly to the transmitter by means of connection lead between terminal block and transmitter.

Connection	Transmitter model			
head	T15	T32	T53	T91.10
BS	-	-	-	-
BSZ	-	-	-	-
BSZ-H	•	•	•	•

- Mounted within the cover of the connection head
- Mounting is not recommended, on thermal grounds

Model	Description	Data sheet
T15	Digital transmitter, PC configurable	TE 15.01
T32	Digital transmitter, HART® protocol	TE 32.04
T53	Digital transmitter, FOUNDATION™ Fieldbus and PROFIBUS® PA	TE 53.01
T91.10	Analogue transmitter, fixed measuring range	TE 91.01

<sup>2)</sup> RAL 5022

#### Thermowell model TW81

#### Metal thermowell

The thermowell is manufactured from tube. The bottom of the thermowell is flat or dished, always dished with enamelled metal thermowell. The thermowell is pressed into the connection head and clamped.

In addition, we offer the possibility of a head screwed onto the thermowell. This enables IP65 protection to be achieved. An adjustable process connection is clamped onto the thermowell, thus allowing a variable insertion length.

Standard nominal lengths per DIN EN 50446 are preferable.

#### Standard nominal lengths

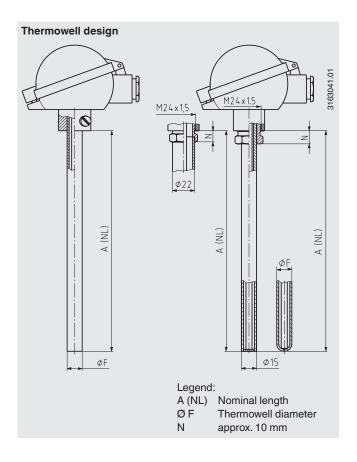
A = 500, 710, 1,000, 1,400, 2,000 mm Others on request

#### Thermowell materials

- Carbon steel 1.0305
   up to 550 °C (air), low resistance to sulphurous gases,
   medium resistance to nitrogen-containing gases
- Carbon steel 1.0305, enamelled up to 550 °C, can be pressurised up to max. 1 bar, for the low pressure range in furnaces and flue gas ducts
- Stainless steel 1.4571
   up to 700 °C <sup>1)</sup> (air), good resistance to aggressive media
- Stainless steel 1.4841 up to 1,150 °C ¹) (air), low resistance to sulphurous gases; high resistance to nitrogen-containing gases with low oxygen content; high creep strength
- Stainless steel 1.4762 up to 1,200 °C <sup>1)</sup> (air), high resistance to sulphurous gases; low resistance to nitrogen-containing gases

#### Other materials on request

1) Please note that the maximum operating temperature is limited by the maximum range of application of the sensor (Pt100: +600  $^{\circ}$ C).



#### **Dimensions in mm**

Metal thermowell				
Outer diameter	Wall thickness			
ØF	s			
22	2			
15	2			

# Remarks on the selection and operation of metal thermowells

The following table does not claim to be complete.

All information is non-binding and does not represent guaranteed characteristics. They should be fully tested by the customer using the conditions of the respective application.

#### Please note:

The maximum operating temperature is limited by the maximum range of application of the sensor.

## Resistance when in contact with gases

Material	AISI	Applicable	Resistance against			
No.	No.	in air	Sulphurous gases		Nitrogen-containing gases	Carburisation
		up to °C	Oxidising	Reducing	with low oxygen content	
1.0305	-	550	low	slight	medium	slight
1.4571	316 Ti	800	slight	slight	medium	medium
1.4762	-	1,200	very high	high	slight	medium
1.4841	310/314	1,150	very slight	very slight	high	slight

## Operation in gases

Material No.	Range of applications
1.0305 (St35.8)	Tempering furnaces for heat treatment plants, galvanising and tinning plants, carbon-dust-air mixture pipelines in steam power stations
1.0305 enamelled (St35.8 enamelled)	Flue-gas desulphurisation plants, babbitt metal, lead and tin smelters
1.4762 X 10 CrAISi 25	Combustion exhaust gases, cement and ceramic furnaces, heat treatment plants, annealing furnaces
1.4749 X 18 CrNi 28	Flue gas ducts, annealing furnaces
1.4841 X 15 CrNiSi 25-21	Combustion chambers, industrial furnaces, petrochemical industry, hot blast stoves, cyanide baths

#### **Process connection**

#### Not gas-tight

A stop flange is sufficient; a mating flange is not needed. The stop flange is adjustable on the thermowell and is secured using a clamp.

Therefore, the insertion length of the thermometer is variable and can be easily adjusted at the mounting point.

#### Gas-tight up to 1 bar

A threaded bushing or a combination of stop flange - mating flange is needed.

### ■ Threaded bushing

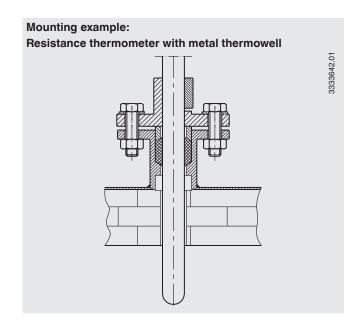
This is secured onto the metal thermowell using a clamp. Once loosened, adjustment along the thermowell is possible. The insertion length of the thermometer is variable and can be easily adjusted at the mounting point.

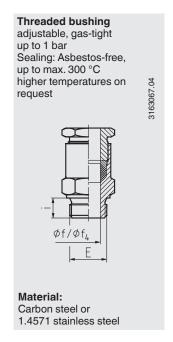
Stop flange - mating flange Sealing is made via a stuffing box between mating flange and thermowell. It is secured using a clamp between the stop flange and thermowell.

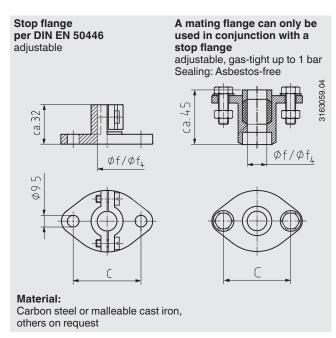
The insertion length of the thermometer is variable.

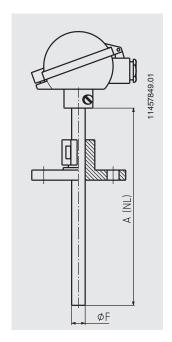
#### **Enamelled thermowell**

When using enamelled thermowells, a threaded bushing should be used to prevent the enamel layer from being damaged.









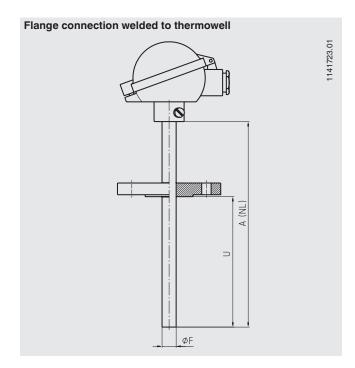
## Selectable threaded bushings

Thermowell	Dimension	ns in mm	Process connection				
External Ø	Ø f/f <sub>4</sub>	i min.	Е				
22	22.5	20	G 1, 1 G 1½				
15	15.5	20	G ½, G ¾, G 1				

Other threads on request

## Selectable stop flanges

Thermowell	Dimensions in mm	
External Ø	Ø f/f <sub>4</sub>	C (hole)
22	22.5	70
15	15.5	55



## Selectable flange sizes

Flange diameter	Material
1 ½ inch, 150 lbs, RF	Stainless steel 316
1 ½ inch, 300 lbs, RF	Stainless steel 316
2 inch, 150 lbs, RF	Stainless steel 316
2 inch, 300 lbs, RF	Stainless steel 316
3 inch, 150 lbs, RF	Stainless steel 316
3 inch, 300 lbs, RF	Stainless steel 316
4 inch, 150 lbs, RF	Stainless steel 316
4 inch, 300 lbs, RF	Stainless steel 316

Other flange sizes on request

## **Ordering information**

Model / Sensor / Connection head / Transmitter / Certificates / Options

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